COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY

ADMINISTRATION BUILDING
BEAUFORT COUNTY GOVERNMENT ROBERT SMALLS COMPLEX
100 RIBAUT ROAD

POST OFFICE DRAWER 1228 BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA 29901-1228

D. PAUL SOMMERVILLE CHAIRMAN

GERALD W. STEWART VICE CHAIRMAN

COUNCIL MEMBERS

RICK CAPORALE MICHAEL E. COVERT GERALD DAWSON BRIAN E. FLEWELLING STEVEN G. FOBES YORK GLOVER, SR. ALICE G. HOWARD STEWART H. RODMAN

ROBERTS "TABOR" VAUX

BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA 29901-12 TELEPHONE: (843) 255-2180 www.bcgov.net

THOMAS J. KEAVENY, II
INTERIM COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR
COUNTY ATTORNEY

CONNIE L. SCHROYER CLERK TO COUNCIL

AGENDA GOVERNMENTAL COMMITTEE (Includes Public Safety Division) Monday, August 6, 2018

Executive Conference Room, Administration Building Beaufort County Government Robert Smalls Complex

4:00 p.m.

100 Ribaut Road, Beaufort

Governmental Committee Members: Gerald Dawson, Chairman Steve Fobes, Vice Chairman Mike Covert Brian Flewelling York Glover Jerry Stewart Roberts "Tabor" Vaux Staff Support:
Phil Foot, Assistant County Administrator
Public Safety

- 1. CALL TO ORDER 4:00 P.M
- 2. EXECUTIVE SESSION DISCUSSION OF POTENTIAL CONTRACT WITH JASPER COUNTY REGARDING A JOINT SHELTER
- 3. PRESENTATIONS / SOUTHERNCAROLINA ALLIANCE QUARTERLY REPORT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Ms. Kay Maxwell, Vice President of Marketing, SouthernCarolina Alliance Mr. John O'Toole, Executive Director, Beaufort County Economic Development Corporation

- 4. TEXT AMENDMENTS TO THE BEAUFORT COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, CHAPTER 14-ANIMALS (backup)
- 5. DISCUSSION / JACOB KIT PROGRAM (SMALL LIFE-SAVING TRAMA KIT)
- 6. CONTINUED DISCUSSION / DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE (DUI) PROSECUTION
- 7. DISCUSSION / LEGISLATIVE POLICY ISSUES
- 8. CONSIDERATION OF REAPPOINTMENTS AND APPOINTMENTS
 - A. Construction Adjustments and Appeals Board / One Vacancy (Construction Building)
 - B. Lady's Island/St. Helena Island Fire District / One Vacancy (Lady's Island)
- 9. ADJOURNMENT







To: Councilman Gerald Dawson, Chairman, Governmental Committee, and members.

From: Philip Foot, CJM. Public Safety Division Director; Tallulah Trice, Director Animal Services;

Chris Inglese, Esq. Assistant County Attorney

Subject: The Proposed Changes to Chapter 14- ANIMALS

Date: 8/3/2018

Executive Summary:

Beaufort County Animal Services (BCAS) is submitting this proposal seeking Council's approval of proposed amendments to Chapter 14: ANIMALS. The revised ordinances will help BCAS make Beaufort County a safer place for its residents and pets.

The key changes are as follows:

- **14-27:** <u>Muzzle</u> is now defined as a guard, typically made of straps or wire, fitted over part of an animal's face to stop it from biting or feeding.
- **14-29 (d):** County license and fees: The director of BCAS will establish a fee schedule subject to approval by County Council.
- **14-30:** Restricted breeds- definition of PitBull is clarified to expressly include American Bully, American Bulldog and Cane Corso, all of which are relatively new mixed breeds of Pit bull. This section reduced the days to comply with spay/neuter requirements from 30 days to 10 days to align with the time provided for an appeal of the breed determinations.
- **14-32**: <u>Dangerous Dog</u>. Added that a magistrate may deem a dog dangerous in cases where a serious injury occurred to a human other than the owner, regardless of provocation or location. Expanding the ability for magistrates to deem a dog dangerous will protect the public from dogs that are dangerous but do not fit neatly into the existing categories.

Note: Cases are sometimes unclear as to whether the animal was provoked (for example the case of the blind dog, or the child). These cases occurred in the animal's normal place of confinement, with unclarity about provocation but resulted in serious bodily harm to a human.

14-32 (b)(2): <u>Dangerous Dog.</u> The Animal Services Officers may take temporary possession of an animal initially determined to be dangerous in cases where a human or other animal has been injured, until final hearing before a Magistrate judge.

Note: Currently Animal Services Officers need to obtain a pick up order to temporarily gain custody of an alleged dangerous dog, unnecessarily burdening the court and staff.

- **14-34 (d):** Includes what classifies a pet as a nuisance.
- **14-35 (f):** Animals cannot be tethered during named Tropical Storms and named Hurricanes.
- **14-38 (f):** Only government agencies and organizations that are "contracted" with government agencies can perform animal control services have authority to impound animals. All stray animals must be taken to shelter or affiliated organizations.
- **14-47(d):** Provides that a magistrate has the authority to order possession and custody of an animal to BCAS when a person is in violation of the ordinance.
- **14-47 (f):** Administrative citations and penalties. Ordinance proposes to include a process for administrative citations and penalties. Violations subject to administrative citations and penalties include but are not limited to: mandatory dog licenses/registrations, mandatory rabies vaccinations, permitting a dog to run at large, mandatory spay/neuter, and warnings for a noisy public nuisance animal.

Note: Administrative citations are for non-criminal charges. Certain violations should be handled administratively instead of as criminal charges in the Magistrate Court. We estimate reducing the animal court docket by 50%-60%.

Chapter 14 - ANIMALS[1]	Style Definition [1]
	Field Code Changed
Footnotes:	Formatted: Font: 11 pt,
(1)	
Cross reference— Environment, ch. 38; health and sanitation, ch. 46; agricultural use regulations, § 106- 1156 et seq.	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
ARTICLE I IN GENERAL	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Secs. 14-1—14-25 Reserved.	
ARTICLE II ANIMAL CONTROL. [2]	Field Code Changed
Footnotes:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2)	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Editor's note—Ord. No. 2015/27, adopted Oct. 12, 2015, amended art. Il in its entirety to read as herein set out. Former art. Il pertained to the same subject matter, consisted of §§ 14-26—14-37, and derived from Ord. No. 2010/7, adopted Apr. 26, 2010; Ord. No. 2010/27, adopted Nov. 8, 2012; Ord. No. 2015/18, adopted Jun. 23, 2015; Ord. No. 2015/23, adopted Aug. 10, 2015; and Ord. No. 2015/26, adopted Sept. 28, 2015.	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Sec. 14-26 Authority for and enactment of chapter.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri, 11 pt
Sec. 14-26 Authority for and enactment of chapter.	
This article is hereby authorized by S.C. Code 1976, § 47-3-20, as amended.	
(Ord. No. 2015-27, 10-12-2015)	Field Code Changed
Sec. 14-27 Definitions.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Whenever used in this chapter, unless a contrary intention is clearly evidenced, the following terms shall	
be interpreted as herein defined.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Abandonment shall mean to desert, forsake, or intend to give up absolutely a pet or livestock without securing another owner or without providing for adequate food, water, shelter, and care. An animal is	
considered abandoned when it has been left unattended for 24 hours.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Animal shall mean a live vertebrate creature except a human being.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

Animal services facility shall mean any facility so designated by the county council.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Animul services facility shall mean any facility so designated by the country council.	Tornacced. Force, (Deladic) Calibri
Animal services officer shall mean any person employed by the county as an enforcement officer of the	
provisions of this chapter.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
BCAS shall mean Beaufort County Animal Services, any place or premises designated by Beaufort County	
Council for the purpose of impounding, care, adoption, or euthanasia of dogs and cats held under the	
authority of this chapter.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Breeder shall mean any person owning unaltered pets with the intent of selling pets' offspring.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Domestic shall mean any animal which shares the genetic makeup and/or physical appearance of its	
ancestors, which were historically domesticated for human companionship and service.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Dub shall mean to trim or remove.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Feral shall mean any animal that was domesticated at one time, but now lives in the wild or a controlled	
colony, or that have been born in the wild and have not been domesticated.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Kennel shall mean a small shelter for a dog, cat or other animal.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
)
Livestock shall mean all classes and breed of animals, domesticated or feral, raised for use, sale or	
display.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Muzzle shall mean a guard, typically made of straps or wire, fitted over part of an animal's face to stop it	
from biting or feeding.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri, Not Italic
Non-domestic shall mean any animal which shares the genetic makeup and/or physical appearance of its	
ancestors, which were not historically domesticated for human companionship and service.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Nuisance shall mean a pet or livestock that disturbs the rights of, threatens the safety of, or damages a	(T
member of the general public, or interferes with the ordinary use and enjoyment of their property.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Owner shall mean any person who:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
1. —Has a property right in an animal;	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
2. —Keeps or harbors an animal or who has it in his or her care or acts as its custodian; or	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
3. —Permits an animal to remain on or about any premises occupied by him or her for three or more	
days.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Pet shall mean any animal which may be legally held as a pet by a private citizen without special permit	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
or permission; i.e., dog (canis familiaris) and/or a domestic cat (felis catus domesticus).	rormatted: Font: (Derault) Calibri
Pitbull Pit Bull shall mean any dog that is an American Pit Bull Terrier, American Staffordshire Terrier,	
StaffordStaffordshire Bull Terrier, American Bulldog, American Bully, Cane Corso, or any dog that	
exhibits physical characteristics which predominantly conform to the standards established by the	

for any of the above breeds.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Serious injury shall mean death or any physical injury that results in severe bruising, muscle tears, or skin	
acerations requiring sutures or other professional medical treatment or requires corrective or cosmetic	
surgery.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
<u></u>	(20.20.0)
Shelter shall mean a structure that made of durable material with 4 walls, a roof and floor, that allows	
etention of body heat and is of suitable size to accommodate the animal and will reasonably-may be	
expected to protect the animal from physical suffering or impairment of health due to exposure to the	
elements or adverse weather.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Tethering shall mean a chain, rope, leash, cable, or other device that attaches the pet via a collar or	
narness to a single stationary point.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
to a single stationary pointry	(Political) Control (Political)
Strict voice control shall mean demonstrable control or governance of the behavior of any animal as if	
such animal were controlled by a leash. However, when an animal destroys or damages any property,	
attacks, threatens to attack, or interferes with any person in any manner, becomes a nuisance, or strays	
onto the private property of another, there shall be a presumption of law that the animal was not under	
strict voice control.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Unaltered shall mean a pet which has not been spayed or neutered.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Under restraint shall mean when any pet that is off the property of the owner is controlled by a leash; is	
within the property limits of its owner and is confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure or	
within the property limits of its owner and is confined by reflect, chair, or other appropriate measure—or	
attended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other	
ettended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the	
attended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
ettended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Field Code Changed
pattended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the property.	
pattended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the property.	Field Code Changed
cattended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other cappropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the person or control of the person. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
ottended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the property. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
cattended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other cappropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the person or control of the person. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
ottended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the person or other person. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015 Cross reference— Definitions generally, § 1-2. Sec. 14-28 County pet license; rabies vaccination tags.	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
cattended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the percent. (Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) Cross reference— Definitions generally, § 1-2. Sec. 14-28 County pet license; rabies vaccination tags. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any pet to fail to provide any pet over four months of age with a	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
contended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the perpendicular or control of the person in control of the perpendicular or control of the person in control of the perpendicular or control of the person in control of the pe	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
contended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the perpoperty. Cord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) Cross reference— Definitions generally, § 1-2. Sec. 14-28 County pet license; rabies vaccination tags. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any pet to fail to provide any pet over four months of age with a current county annual or lifetime license. The owner of any pet over four (4) four months of age must also have a current rabies vaccination tag securely attached to a collar or harness and be visible as proof the pet has been vaccinated by a licensed veterinarian. No county license will be issued unless proof of	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
cross reference— Definitions generally, § 1-2. Sec. 14-28 County pet license; rabies vaccination tags. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any pet to fail to provide any pet over four months of age with a current county annual or lifetime license. The owner of any pet over four months of age must also have a current rabies vaccination tag securely attached to a collar or harness and be visible as proof the pet has been vaccinated by a licensed veterinarian. No county license will be issued unless proof of rabies inoculation is shown. Any pet owner who moves into the county for the purpose of establishing	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
contended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the perpoperty. Cord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) Cross reference— Definitions generally, § 1-2. Sec. 14-28 County pet license; rabies vaccination tags. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any pet to fail to provide any pet over four months of age with a current county annual or lifetime license. The owner of any pet over four (4) four months of age must also have a current rabies vaccination tag securely attached to a collar or harness and be visible as proof the pet has been vaccinated by a licensed veterinarian. No county license will be issued unless proof of	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
cross reference— Definitions generally, § 1-2. Sec. 14-28 County pet license; rabies vaccination tags. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any pet to fail to provide any pet over four months of age with a current county annual or lifetime license. The owner of any pet over four months of age must also have a current rabies vaccination tag securely attached to a collar or harness and be visible as proof the pet has been vaccinated by a licensed veterinarian. No county license will be issued unless proof of rabies inoculation is shown. Any pet owner who moves into the county for the purpose of establishing	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
contended by its owner and responds to strict voice control; or confined by fence, chain, or other appropriate measure within the property of another with permission of the person in control of the property. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) Cross reference — Definitions generally, § 1-2. Sec. 14-28 County pet license; rabies vaccination tags. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any pet to fail to provide any pet over four months of age with a current county annual or lifetime license. The owner of any pet over four months of age must also have a current rabies vaccination tag securely attached to a collar or harness and be visible as proof the pet has been vaccinated by a licensed veterinarian. No county license will be issued unless proof of rabies inoculation is shown. Any pet owner who moves into the county for the purpose of establishing residency shall have 30 days in which to obtain the license.	Field Code Changed Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

_(a) —Eligibility. The owner of a pet four months of age or older that isafter being spayed/neutered and permanently identified, may apply to BCAS for a lifetime license; the lifetime pet license is only for Beaufort County, South Carolina.	
(b) —Permanent identification requirement. A person applying for <u>aan annual license or</u> lifetime license shall choose either a tattoo, <u>a BCAS approved tag</u> , or the implantation of a microchip as the means of permanent identification for the pet. Lifetime licenses are transferable to new owners, upon the new owner completing a new BCAS pet license <u>application</u> , permanent identification form, and <u>when applicable</u> , <u>a</u> new registration with the micro-chipping company. For permanent identification of restricted breeds, see Section 14-30.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(c) —Pets previously microchipped. If a person has previously had a microchip implanted for his/her pet and seeks to obtain a lifetime license for the pet, the applicant shall:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) —Obtain and complete both a lifetime license application and a verification of permanent identification form as prescribed by BCAS.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) —Have a licensed veterinarian or shelter employee scan the pet to assure the microchip has been properly implanted and to obtain the identifying number of the microchip.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(3) —The pet owner and the licensed veterinarian shall complete, date, and sign the verification of a permanent identification form for the pet in which the microchip was scanned. The verification of permanent identification form must set forth the identifying number of the microchip scanned, identify the pet by breed and delineate the age, sex, color, and markings and whether it has been spayed or neutered. In addition, it must contain the name, address, and phone number of the pet's owner and the name, business address, and phone number of the person scanning the microchip number. If a veterinarian is involved, the veterinarian shall set forth his/her veterinary practice license number on the verification of permanent identification	Franch & Fash (Osfada) Calibri
form.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(d) —County license <u>and</u> fees The <u>county license-Director of BCAS shall establish a fee</u> schedule <u>of fees are as follows: subject</u> to the approval of County Council.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) Pets previously sterilized and with permanent identification shall/All pet owners of dogs and cats in	
Beaufort County shall obtain either a lifetime or annual pet license.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Lifetime pet license. To be a eligible for a lifetime pet license a pet shall:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) Be spayed or neutered	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) Microchipped	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(3) Pay the appropriate one-time fee of \$5.00. per the published fee schedule.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

(2) Pets previously sterilized and provided with permanent identification by BCAS shall be charged a one-time microchip fee and \$5.00 license fee.	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
(3) FertileAnnual Pet license. All other pets with a permanent identification shall be \$20.00 annually. Fertile pet licenses will expire on June 30 of each year and are non-transferable.	
(4) Fertile pets with no permanent identification shall be \$50.00 annually and will be issued a metal tag to be worn at all times fertile pet licenses will expire on June 30 of each year and are non-transferable.	
(e) Exemptions. Exempt owners shall be required to pay a one-time microchipsubject to an annual pet	
license and annual fee and will not be required to have the pet spayed/neutered. The, except that the	
following are exempt owners: exemptions may be eligible for a lifetime license;	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) —Any owner of a pet who can furnish a statement from a licensed veterinarian that the pet,	
due to health reasons, could not withstand spay/neuter surgery may receive a lifetime license.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) Any owner of one or more purebred pets who can furnish proof of participation in nationally recognized conformation or performance events within the past 12 months.	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
(3)—(2) Any owner of a dog that is currently being used for hunting purposes. Owner must provide a copy of a valid South Carolina hunting license by the proper state agency and proof that the dog is properly registered with the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources. Under this exemption, the dog owner may receive a lifetime license without spaying or	
neutering the dog.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018)	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Sec. 14-30 Declaration of restricted dog, appeal of breed determination.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(a) —For the purposes of this section, a restricted dog shall be defined as a pitbull Pit bull.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(b) —No person may own, keep, or harbor a restricted dog in violation of this section.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(c) —An owner or custodian of restricted dogs must have the dog spayed or neutered unless the owner of the restricted dog provides BCAS written proof one of the following exemptions applies:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) —The restricted dog is less than four months of age;	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) —A licensed veterinarian has examined the animal and signed a written certificate stating that at such time spaying or neutering would endanger the animal's health because its age, infirmity, disability or other medical consideration. The certificate shall state the period of	

exemption from this requirement and shall not be valid for more than 12 months from the date	
of issuance.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(3) —The determination of the dog's breed is under appeal pursuant to section 14-30(section	
14-30(df)(2);	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(4) —The owner or custodian has owned or had custody of the dog less than 30 days.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(d) An owner or custodian of a restricted dog must provide for the dog's permanent identification	
by implantation of a BCAS approved microchip.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(e) Determination of breed and appeal of determination.	
(1) —Determination. The director of BCAS or his <u>or her</u> designee, in his or her discretion, <u>may</u> make <u>aan initial</u> breed determination upon contact with, or impoundment of a dog. The determination shall be made by the director or designee in accordance with BCAS's breed determination checklist. Technical deficiency in the dog's conformance to the standards defined in <u>section 14-27 for pitbulls</u> section 14-27 for <u>pit bulls</u> shall not be construed to indicate the dog	
is not a pit bull dog under this section.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) —Notice. Upon determination of the breed, the animal services officer shall deliver written notice of determination to the owner or any adult residing at the premises where the animal is located or by posting on the premises if no adult is present. The notice shall include the determination of breed, mandatory spay and neuter requirements, an administrative penalty and notice of appeal process.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(3) —f[Compliance.] The owner or custodian of an unaltered restricted dog shall comply with this article within 3010 days after receipt of notice of breedrestricted dog determination. Upon compliance, the owner or custodian shall submit written documentation to BCAS confirming compliance. If ownership of the dog is transferred within the time for compliance the original	
owner or custodian must provide BCAS with the new owner's name and address.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(e) (f) Appeal. Notice of a declaration of breed determination constitutes a final determination that the dog is a restricted dog, unless the owner or custodian requests a hearing in writing to the Beaufort	
County Magistrate Court within ten days of service of the notice.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Sec. 14-31 Pet breeder license, inspection and fees.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
It shall be unlawful for a pet breeder to fail to obtain a county pet breeder license. The requirements for such a license are as follows:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(a) —Individuals engaged or intending to engage in breeding, must obtain a non-transferable, pet breeder license from BCAS.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
•	

(b) —Applicants must have a valid county annual pet license and microchip for all pets that have	
reached the age of four months before applying for the pet breeder license.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(c) —BCAS shall conduct an inspection of the identified property for the pet breedbreeders license requested by the applicant to determine whether the applicant qualifies to hold a pet breeder license pursuant to this section.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
pursuant to this section.	Torriacted. Forti. (Detaut) Cambri
(d) —To qualify for a pet breeder license the applicant must demonstrate the following:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) —The enclosure where the pets are being kept shall be constructed in such a manner that any pets housed there will be adequately and comfortably kept in any season of the year.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) —All pet enclosures must be constructed in such a manner they can be easily cleaned and	
sanitized. Any kennels or yards that are connected or are used to confine the pets must be kept clean and free from accumulations of feces, filth, mud, and debris.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(3) —Every pet on the premises must have access to sufficient good and wholesome food, and water at all times.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(4) —The premises must be set up in such a manner as to not allow pets to stray beyond its enclosed confines. The setup must also prevent the public and stray animals from obtaining	
entrance into or gaining contact with any pets on the premises.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(e) —A license will not be issued to an applicant that has pled no contest, or has been found to have violated any federal, state, or local laws or regulations pertaining to animal cruelty within five years of	
the date of application.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(f) —The pet breeder license fee shall be \$100.00 annually.published in the fee schedule approved by	
County Council. The license shall expire on June 30 of each year.365 days after the date it is issued.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(g) —Any violations found under the provisions of this chapter shall be grounds for the suspension of the	
pet breeder license if deemed necessary by the Beaufort County Animal Services.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Sec. 14-32. — Dangerous animals. (a) — For the purposes of this section, a dangerous or vicious animal shall be defined to be any one of	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
the following: (1) —An animal which the owner knows or reasonably should know has a propensity, tendency, or disposition to attack unprovoked, cause injury, or to otherwise endanger the safety of human	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
beings or domestic animals;	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) —An animal which makes an unprovoked attack that causes bodily injury to a human being and the attack occurs in a place other that the place where the animal is confined;	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(3) —An animal which commits unprovoked acts in a place other than the place where the animal is confined and those acts cause a person to reasonably believe that the animal will	
attack and cause bodily injury to a human being;	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

(4) —An animal which is owned or harbored primarily or in part for the purpose of fighting or	
which is trained for fighting	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(5) —An animal which is used as a weapon in the commission of a crime-:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(6) An animal which causes serious injury to a human being, other than the owner, regardless of	
provocation or location.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(b) —Declaration of a dangerous animal, confinement requirements, and final determination of danger	
animal declaration.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) —Declaration. An animal services officer or law enforcement officer, in his or her discretion,	
may declare make an initial determination that an animal is dangerous. Upon the initial	
determination, the officer shall deliver written notice to the owner or any adult residing at the	
premises where the animal is located or by posting on the premises if no adult is present. The	
notice shall include a description of the animal, a hearing date, confinement requirements and	
registration requirements.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) When, in the discretion of an animal services officer or law enforcement officer, the	
animal initially determined to be dangerous has caused injury to another animal or human, the	
officer may take temporary possession of the animal during the pendency of the final dangerous	
dog determination hearing before a Magistrate Judge.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) Confinement requirements and registration. Every dangerous animal, as determined under	
this section, shall be confined by the owner within 72 hours of the notice of dangerous dog	
determination and until the final determination of the dangerous dog declaration:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
a. —All dangerous animals shall be securely confined within an occupied house or residence or in a	
securely enclosed and locked pen or kennel, except when leashed as provided in this section. Such pen,	
kennel or structure must have secure sides and a secure top attached to the sides.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
b. —The pen or kennel must be clearly marked as containing a dangerous animal.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
c. —No person shall permit a dangerous animal to go outside its kennel or pen unless such animal is	
securely leashed and muzzled with a leash no longer than six feet in length.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
d. —The owner of a dangerous animal must provide BCAS with proof of liability insurance or surety	
bond of at least \$50,000.00.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
e. —The owner must obtain a dangerous animal registration/license from BCAS and pay a \$5.00	
registration fee. fee on the BCAS fee schedule subject to County Council approval.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(3) —Final determination of dangerous animal declaration. Notice of a declaration of a dangerous	
animal constitutes an initial determination that the animal is dangerous or potentially dangerous. A final	
determination shall be made by the Beaufort County Magistrate Court within 30 days or as soon as	F
practicable. (e)—e) Exemptions. A dog working in a law enforcement capacity with a governmental agency and in	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
the performance of the dog's official duties.	
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Sec. 14-33 Running at large.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(a) [Unlawful.] It shall be unlawful for any owner or custodian of any petdog to permit the same to run	
at large except on property owned or rented by the owner or custodian. All petsdogs, must be kept	
under restraint or confinement and under the physical control of the owner or custodian by means	
of a leash or other physically attached similar restraining device.	

(b) Exemption. Except as provided herein, no person shall bring or allow any dog, or any other animal on the beach that is not at all times on a leash between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. from April 1 through the Thursday before Memorial Day weekend and from the Tuesday after Labor Day weekend through September 30. No person shall bring or allow any dog, or any other animal, on the beach between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. from the Friday before Memorial Day weekend through the Monday of Labor Day weekend. No person shall bring or allow any dog or any other animal on the beach that is not on a leash or under positive voice control of the responsible person between 5:00 p.m. and 10:00 a.m. from April 1 through September 30. No person shall bring or allow any dog or any other animal on the beach that is not on a leash or under positive voice control at any hour from October 1 through March 31.	
No person shall permit any excrement from any animal under that person's control to remain on the beach, but shall dispose of same in a sanitary manner.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
From April 1 through the Thursday before Memorial Day weekend and from the Tuesday after Labor Day weekend through September 30 of each year, dogs or any other animal, other than seeing-eye dogs, shall not be allowed in any designated swimming area unless on a leash and walking through the area between 10:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(c) —Exempt dogs. Dogs that are participating in hunting events, obedience trials, conformation shows, tracking tests, herding trials, lure courses and other events similar in nature shall not be considered "at large."	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Sec. 14-34 Nuisance pets or livestock.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(a) —The actions of a pet or livestock constitute a nuisance when a pet or livestock disturbs the rights of, threatens the safety of or injures a member of the general public, or interferes with the ordinary use and enjoyment of their property.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(b)—It shall be unlawful for any person to own, keep, possess, or maintain a pet or livestock in such a manner so as to constitute a public nuisance. By way of example, and not of limitation, the following acts or actions by an owner or possessor of any pet or livestock are hereby declared to be a public nuisance and are, therefore, unlawful:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) —Failure to exercise sufficient restraint necessary to control a pet or livestock as required by section 14-33.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) —Allowing or permitting a pet or livestock to damage the property of anyone other than its owner, including, but not limited to, turning over garbage containers or damaging gardens, flowers, or vegetables.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
vegetables. (3) —Failure to maintain a dangerous animal in a manner other than that which is described in	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt

iffensive odors or is dangerous to the pet or livestock or to the public health, welfare, or safety, (5) —Maintaining his or her property in a manner that is offensive, annoying, or dangerous to he public health, safety, or welfare of the community because of the number, type, variety, density, or occation of the pets or livestock to the property. (6) —Allowing or permitting a pet or livestock to bark, whine, or howl in an excessive, inwarranted, and continuous or untimely fashion, or make other noise in such a manner so as to result a serious annoyance or interference with the reasonable use and enjoyment of neighboring premises. (7) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that is diseased and dangerous to the public health, (8) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that habitually or repeatedly chases, snaps at, attacks, or barks at pedestrians, bicycles, or vehicles. (9) —Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in uch a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. (c) —A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015.) dil thad lib e unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, velping, or other audible sound, in addition to being violation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated unrounded in Chapter 14 of this Code. (1) No person shall be chared with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person	(4) —Maintaining pets or livestock in an environment of unsanitary conditions which results in	
he public health, safety, or welfare of the community because of the number, type, variety, density, or ocation of the pets or livestock on the property. (6) —Allowing or permitting a pet or livestock to bark, whine, or howl in an excessive, inwarranted, and continuous or untimely fashion, or make other noise in such a manner so as to result in a serious annoyance or interference with the reasonable use and enjoyment of neighboring premises. (7) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that is diseased and dangerous to the public health, (8) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that habitually or repeatedly chases, snaps at, attacks, or warks at pedestrians, bicycles, or vehicles. (9) —Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in uch a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. (2) —A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by 8CAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) (3) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being violation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated ursuant to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code, (1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall	offensive odors or is dangerous to the pet or livestock or to the public health, welfare, or safety.	- Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(6) —Allowing or permitting a pet or livestock to bark, whine, or howl in an excessive, inwarranted, and continuous or untimely fashion, or make other noise in such a manner so as to result an aerious annoyance or interference with the reasonable use and enjoyment of neighboring premises. (7) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that is diseased and dangerous to the public health. (8) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that habitually or repeatedly chases, snaps at, attacks, or arks at pedestrians, bicycles, or vehicles. (9) —Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in uch a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. (c) —A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015.) (d) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, velping, or other audible sound. In addition to being violation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated urusuant to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code. (1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different housesholds testify to the loud a	(5) —Maintaining his or her property in a manner that is offensive, annoying, or dangerous to	
(6) —Allowing or permitting a pet or livestock to bark, whine, or how in an excessive, invarranted, and continuous or untimely fashion, or make other noise in such a manner so as to result in a serious annoyance or interference with the reasonable use and enjoyment of neighboring premises. (7) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that is diseased and dangerous to the public health. (8) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that habitually or repeatedly chases, snaps at, attacks, or larks at pedestrians, bicycles, or vehicles. (9) —Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in uch a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. (2) —A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. (3) —Formatted: Font: (Default) Callbri Formatted: Font: (Default) Callbri Formatte	the public health, safety, or welfare of the community because of the number, type, variety, density, or	
Invarranted, and continuous or untimely fashion, or make other noise in such a manner so as to result in a serious annoyance or interference with the reasonable use and enjoyment of neighboring premises. (7) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that is diseased and dangerous to the public health. (8) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that habitually or repeatedly chases, snaps at, attacks, or barks at pedestrians, bicycles, or vehicles. (9) —Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in uch a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. (c) —A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) (d) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, velping, or other audible sound. In addition to being violation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated pursuant to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code. (1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and pe	location of the pets or livestock on the property.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
na serious annoyance or interference with the reasonable use and enjoyment of neighboring premises, (7) — Maintaining a pet or livestock that is diseased and dangerous to the public health. (8) — Maintaining a pet or livestock that habitually or repeatedly chases, snaps at, attacks, or barks at pedestrians, bicycles, or vehicles. (9) — Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in uch a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. (c) — A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. (Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) (d) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound, in addition to being violation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated uursuant to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code. (1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given, (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018). Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Cal	(6) —Allowing or permitting a pet or livestock to bark, whine, or howl in an excessive,	
(7) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that is diseased and dangerous to the public health. (8) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that habitually or repeatedly chases, snaps at, attacks, or barks at pedestrians, bicycles, or vehicles. (9) —Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in uch a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. (c) —A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) (d) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being eviolation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated pursuant to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code. (1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal of the provision of the owner or person in custody of the animal context of the owner or person in custody of the animal for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018). Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	unwarranted, and continuous or untimely fashion, or make other noise in such a manner so as to result	
(8) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that habitually or repeatedly chases, snaps at, attacks, or parks at pedestrians, bicycles, or vehicles. (9) —Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in uch a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. (C) —A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. (Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) (Drd. No. 2015/27, 20-20-2018) (Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	in a serious annoyance or interference with the reasonable use and enjoyment of neighboring premises.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri (9) — Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in uch a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. (C) — A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. (Drd. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015.) (I) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, velping, or other audible sound. In addition to being eviolation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated accurate to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code. (I) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	(7) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that is diseased and dangerous to the public health.	- Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(9) —Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in uch a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. c) —A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) d) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being violation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated aursuant to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code. (1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	(8) —Maintaining a pet or livestock that habitually or repeatedly chases, snaps at, attacks, or	
content a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock. c) — A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015.) d) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, velping, or other audible sound. In addition to being evidence to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code. (1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	barks at pedestrians, bicycles, or vehicles.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
c) — A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the lituation creating the nuisance has been abated. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015.) (b) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being eviolation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated bursuant to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code. (1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	(9) —Every female pet or livestock in heat shall be confined in a building or secure enclosure in	
Ind may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the ituation creating the nuisance has been abated. Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) (I) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being violation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated bursuant to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code. (I) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	such a manner as will not create a nuisance by attracting other pets or livestock.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) (b) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being eviolation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated oursuant to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code. (1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	(c) —A pet or livestock that has been determined to be a habitual nuisance by BCAS may be impounded	
Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) d) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting and the about being excessive, unrelenting and sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting and sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting and the addition to being excessive property of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer wit	and may not be returned to the owner until said owner can produce evidence to demonstrate that the	
Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) d) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting and the about being excessive, unrelenting and sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting and sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting and the addition to being excessive property of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer wit		Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
d) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting to being excessive, unrelenting, or other audible sound. In addition to being excessive, unrelenting to being excessive, unrelenting to being excessive, unrelenting by abated excessive, unrelenting to being excessive, unrelenting to being excessive, unrelenting to the first date alleged as a public nuisance that may be abated excessive, unrelenting to the first date alleged as a public nuisance of first date alleged excessive excessive to the owner or person in custody of the animal services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the same to the owner or person in custody of the animal services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the same to the owner or person in custody of the animal services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the same to the owner or person in custody of the		
(1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. (Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018) Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	(<u>Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015</u>)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
(1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018) Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	(d) It shall be unlawful for any owner of any animal to allow the animal to disturb any person by	
(1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	excessive, unrelenting, or habitual barking, howling, yelping, or other audible sound. In addition to being	
(1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018) Field Code Changed	a violation of this Section, the same is hereby declared to be a public nuisance that may be abated	
the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri	pursuant to the provisions specified in Chapter 14 of this Code.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018) Field Code Changed	(1) No person shall be charged with violating this Section unless a written warning was given to	
warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018	the owner or person in custody of the animal by an Animal Services Officer or police officer	
of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018	within 12 months preceding the first date alleged as a date of violation in the complaint. A	
first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018	warning is given under this subsection if it is personally given to the owner or person in custody	
first-class to such person. Such records are prima facie evidence that such warnings were given. (2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018	of the animal, or it is posted upon the property of the owner or person in custody or mailed	
trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018		- Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018	(2) No administrative penalty or summons shall be issued and no person shall be convicted at	
the loud and persistent or loud and habitual nature of the noise, or unless there is other evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018	trial for violating this Section unless two or more witnesses from different households testify to	
evidence corroborating the testimony of a single witness. Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018) Field Code Changed		
		- Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
	(Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018)	Field Code Changed
		
ec. 14-35 Animal cruelty. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri		

(a) —Animal care generally. It shall be unlawful for an owner to fail to provide his animals with sufficient good and wholesome food, water at all times, proper shelter and protection from weather, and humane care and treatment.	
(b) —Mistreatment. It shall be unlawful for a person to beat, cruelly treat, torment, overload, overwork, or otherwise abuse an animal or cause, instigate, or permit any dogfight or other combat between animals or between animals and humans.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(c) —Physical alteration. It shall be unlawful for a person to dye or color artificially any animal or fowl, including, but not limited to, rabbits, baby chickens, and ducklings, or to bring any dyed or colored animal or fowl into the county. No person shall crop or dub a pet or livestock's ears or tail or wattle or	
comb, except a licensed veterinarian.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(d) —Abandonment. It shall be unlawful for any owner to abandon an animal.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(e) —Unlawful tethering. No person owning or keeping a dog shall chain or tether a dog to a stationary object, including, but not limited to, a structure, dog house, pole, stake, or tree for longer than 24 consecutive hours.in any manner or by any method that allows the dog to become entangled or injured. A tethering device employed shall not allow the dog to leave the owner's, guardian's or keeper's property. The tether shall be designed for dogs and devices not designed for tethering dogs shall not be used. Only a properly fitted harness, collar or other tethering device specifically designed for the dog may be used. No chain or tether shall weigh more than one-eighths of the dog's body weight. When tethered to a stationary object, the tethering device shall be attached to the dog's harness or collar and not directly to the dog's neck. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a person from walking a dog on a hand-held leash. No dog under the age of six months shall be tethered outside for any length of time, unless under direct supervision of an adult over the age of 18 years old.	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
(f) No animal shall be tethered during any named Tropical Storm or named Hurricane or whenever	
flooding could occur.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) —A person owning or keeping a dog may confine such dog outside, subject to the restrictions in this	
section, through the use of any of the following methods:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
a. —Inside a pen or secure enclosure; or	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
b. —A fully fenced, electronically fenced or otherwise securely enclosed yard, wherein a dog has the ability to run but is unable to leave the enclosed yard; or	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
c. —The length of the tether from the cable run to the dog's collar or harness shall allow	
continuous access to clean water and appropriate shelter at all times.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) —Exceptions to the above restrictions on outdoor confinement shall be made for dogs actively engaged in conduct directly related to the business of shepherding or herding cattle or other livestock or engaged in conduct that is directly related to the business of cultivating agricultural products, if the	
restraint is reasonably necessary for the safety of the dog.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Sec. 14-36 Sale of animals, pets or livestock.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
_(a) —No person shall sell, trade, barter, auction, lease, rent, give away, or display for commercial purpose, any live animal, pet or livestock on any roadside, public right-of-way, public property, commercial parking lot or sidewalk, or at any flea market, fair, or carnival.	
(b) —No person shall offer an animal, pet or livestock as an inducement to purchase a product, commodity, or service.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(c) —No person shall sell, offer for sale, or give away any animal or pet under five four (4) weeks of age,	
except as surrender to the county animal services facility or to a licensed pet rescue organization.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(d) —Licensed pet shops, commercial kennels, county animal services facilities, and licensed pet rescue	
organizations are exempt from the requirements of this section 14-36.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(e) —Any sale of wildlife will be reported to the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources, United States Department of Agriculture, and United States Fish and Wildlife Service.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Sec. 14-37 Seizure and right of entry to protect abandoned, neglected, or cruelly treated pets or	
livestock.	- Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(a) —Seizure and right of entry. If the owner does not give permission to the animal services officers for right of entry on private property to examine suspected abandoned, neglected or cruelly treated pets or livestock, the animal services officers shall petition the appropriate magistrate for an animal pickup order or a search warrant for the seizure of the pet or livestock to determine whether the owner, if known, is able to adequately provide for the pet or livestock and is a fit person to own the pet or	
livestock.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(b) —Citation. The animal services officers shall cause to be served upon the owner, if known, and residing within the jurisdiction wherein the pet or livestock is found, a written citation at least five days prior to the hearing containing the time and date and place of the hearing. If the owner is not known or cannot be found within the jurisdiction wherein the pet or livestock was found, the animal services officers shall post a copy of the notice at the property where the animal was seized.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(c) —Custody. The pet or livestock shall remain in the custody and care of BCAS until such matter is heard before a magistrate. The magistrate shall make the final determination as to whether the pet or livestock is returned to the owner or whether ownership is transferred to the BCAS whereby the pet or livestock may be put up for adoption or humanely euthanized. If the magistrate orders the return of the pet or livestock to its owner, BCAS shall release the pet or livestock upon receipt from the owner of all redemption fees as described in section 14-39, below.	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt

nimal for humane purposes.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
(<u>Ord. No. 2015/27, 02-01-2018)</u>	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
	Field Code Changed
Sec. 14-38 Impoundment.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(a) —Any pet or livestock found within the county in violation of the provisions of this chapter may be caught and impounded by BCAS. BCAS may, thereafter, make available for adoption or humanely euthanize impounded pets or livestock not positively identified or redeemed within five working days.	
(b) —When a person arrested is, at the time of arrest, in charge of an animal, BCAS may take charge of the animal and deposit the animal in a safe place of custody or impound the pet or livestock at its animal	
care facility.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(c) —The owner of a pet or livestock that may be positively identified shall be notified at the owner's last known address by registered mail if attempts by telephone are not successful. The owner has 1410 days from the date of mailing to contact BCAS for pick-up. Redemption costs will include the cost of mailing, any established costs, fines, fees, or other charges. If the owner does not make contact within 1410 days of the date of mailing, the pet or livestock will be deemed abandoned and becomes the property of BCAS. For pets or livestock impounded at BCAS, the director of animal services, or his/her designee in agreement with a licensed veterinarian, shall either place the pet or livestock for adoption or have the pet or livestock humanely euthanized, pursuant to S.C. Code, § 47-3-540 (Supp. 1999).	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
set of intestock numbers, eathernized, paradant to sic. code, 3 17 3 3 10 (supp. 2333).	Torridade Force (Schalle) canon
(d) —Notwithstanding the above, pets or livestock impounded at BCAS, which are deemed by the	
director of animal services, or his/her designee or a licensed veterinarian to constitute a danger to other	
pets, livestock or persons at the facility, or which are infectious to other pets or livestock, in pain or near	
death may be humanely euthanized immediately.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(e) —Any pet or livestock surrendered to BCAS may be adopted or euthanized at any time provided	
there is a completed and signed surrender form on file for the pet or livestock concerned.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(<u>Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015</u>)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
(f) Only government agencies or organizations that are contracted with a government agency to perform	
animal control services have the authority to impound animals. All stray animals must be taken or	
reported to the Beaufort County Animal Shelter and or affiliated organizations as soon as possible for	
the mandatory holding period.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

ayment of a fee as follows:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) —For a pet or livestock that has not been properly inoculated, licensed, microchippedmicro	
<u>chipped</u> , and <u>spayed or</u> neutered or spayed, at , the BCAS director of animal services or his/her	
designee, may issue a warning or Administrative Citation for the first offense at their discretion	
after nd a thorough investigation of the circumstances. First offense Redemption fees shall be	
published on the BCAS fee is \$50.00, second offense is \$150.00, third offense schedule and any	
subsequent offense is \$250.00. be subject to County Council approval.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) — <u>In addition to the administrative penalty, Ff</u> or a pet or livestock not properly inoculated,	
licensed, microchipped and spayed or neutered, the fee shall be \$50.00 plus the an appropriate	
microchip license fee, the charge for rabies inoculation, and the cost of spaying or neutering the	
pet or livestock as appropriate may be charged to the owner.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(3)Fertile pets or livestock (as appropriate) shall not be redeemed or adopted unless one of the	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
criteria under the exemptions provisions in subsections 14-29(e)(1)—(4) has been met.	
(3) Pets or livestock will not be released without proof of inoculation and without an implanted microchip. The requirements of spaying or neutering shall not be waived under the exceptions in subsections 14-29(14-29(1)-(4) when the pet or livestock (as appropriate) has been impounded a second time for any violations of sections-14-32, 14-33, 14-34, or 14-35.	
b) —In addition to the redemption fee, a boarding fee after 24 hours of \$25.00 per the published fee chedule per day per pet or livestock shall be paid by the owner or keeper when a pet or livestock is	
edeemed.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
c) —The fees set out in this section shall be doubled for any pet or livestock impounded twice or more	
vithin the same 12-month period.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
ec. 14-40 Adoption.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri, 11 pt
a) —Any pet or livestock impounded under the provisions of this chapter may, at the end of the legal letention period, be adopted provided the new owner will agree to comply with the provisions	
ontained herein.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
ontained herein.	romatteu: Font. (Derauit) Cambri
b) —Any pet or livestock surrendered to BCAS may be adopted at any time provided there is a	
ompleted and signed surrender form on file for the pet or livestock concerned.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
c) —Those individuals adopting puppies or kittens too young to be neutered or spayed or receive rabies	
noculations will pay the cost of these procedures at the time of adoption and be given an appointment	
or a later time to have these procedures completed. In the event the pet is deceased prior to the	
ppointment date, the applicable portion of the adoption fee will be returned.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

(d) —The county animal services director or designee shall have the authority to refuse adoption of any animal to any person deemed unable to provide proper shelter, confinement, medical care and food or to any person who has a past history of inhumane treatment of or neglect to pets or livestock. Any person seeking adoption of a pet or livestock more frequently than 90 from the last adoption shall be subject to refusal of adoption. Any person who has been refused adoption of a pet or livestock may appeal his case to the assistant county administrator for public safety. If any person surrenders an owned pet or livestock to the animal services department, they will not be able to adopt a pet or livestock for 90 days from the date of the original surrender. \blacksquare Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri (Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt Sec. 14-41. - Trapping. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri (a) —It shall be unlawful for any person or business to conduct trapping of any pets, livestock or domestic animals within Beaufort County without prior approval from the animal services department. Any pets, livestock or domestic animals trapped with prior approval from the animal services department will be reported or delivered to the animal services department for purposes of identification of the pet's owner and record keeping of the trapping. It shall be unlawful for any person to remove, destroy, or liberate any trap and/or trapped animal set by the Beaufort County Animal Services Department or enter any animal services vehicle with the intent to rescue or deliver it from the custody of the animal services department. If a trapped animal is in need of immediate attention, the animal services department or 911 will be notified immediately of the animal in distress. (b) —Exemption. Trapping is permitted for hogs. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri (Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt Sec. 14-42. - Management of feral cat colonies. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri (a) —Definitions. Caregiver means any person who provides food, water or shelter to or otherwise cares for a feral cat colony and has made application to the animal services department for management of a feral cat Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Caregiver manager means any person in charge of a caregiver program. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Ear tipping means straight-line cutting of the tip of the left ear of a cat while the cat is anesthetized. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Feral cat means a cat which currently exists in a wild or untamed state. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Feral cat colony means a group of cats that congregate. Although not every cat in a colony may be feral, non-feral cats routinely congregate with a colony shall be deemed to be a part of it. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

Nuisance means disturbing the peace by:

Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

(1) —Habitually or continually howling, crying or screaming, or	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) —The habitual and significant destruction of property against the wishes of the owner of the	
property.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
Suitable shelter means shelter that provides protection from rain, sun and other elements and is	
adequate to protect the health of the cat.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
TNR means trap, neuter/spay and release.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
TNA program means a program pursuant to which cats are trapped, neutered or spayed, vaccinated	
against rabies, ear tipped or tattooed and released to a designated location of a managed colony.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(b) —Feral cat colony management. Feral cat colonies shall be permitted (no fee) by the Beaufort	
County Animal Services Department and caregivers shall be responsible for applying for the permit for	
each colony and be entitled to maintain them in accordance with the terms and conditions of the BCAS	
policy on feral cat colony management, once the permit is approved by animal services department.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Sec. 14-43 Livestock.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
_(a) —All livestock shall be properly housed with adequate food, water and confined within a fenced enclosure. The fenced enclosure shall be maintained in such a manner as to keep any average livestock animal from escaping the enclosed compound and causing damage, accidents or injury to any person or property. No person shall tie, stake or fasten any livestock within any street, highway, road, alley, sidewalk, right-of-way, or other public place within the county or in such manner that the animal has access to any portion of any street, highway, road, alley, sidewalk, right-of-way, or other public place.	
(b) —Owners or possessors of livestock impounded for violation of this article or any state and/or	
federal laws, will be charged in accordance with actual costs of impoundment plus impounding and	Formath de Forte (Defoult) Collini
boarding fees.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(c) —Impounded livestock shall be held for a period of 21 10 days. If such impounded animals are not	
claimed by the owners during that period of time, the animals may be given to persons willing to accept	5
them, in the discretion of the Beaufort County Animal Services Department.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(d) —Exception: No other swine or livestock shall be kept within the corporate limits of Port Royal and Bluffton except as is permissible under the municipal zoning regulations. No approval shall be granted or continued if such keeping shall constitute a menace to health or welfare of the public. To the extent that	
other section within this chapter reference livestock this section shall be controlling.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Sec. 14-44 Importation of exotic animals prohibited.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
,	(2 2020) 5000

(a) —Definition. An "exotic animal" shall be defined as one which would ordinarily be confined to a zoo, or one which would ordinarily be found in the wilderness of this or any other country or one which is a species of animal not indigenous to the United States or to North America, or one which otherwise causes a reasonable person to be fearful of significant destruction of property or of bodily harm and the latter includes, but would not be limited to, such animals as monkeys, raccoons, squirrels, ocelots, bobcats, lions, tigers, bears, wolves, hybrid wolves, and other such animals or one which causes zoonotic diseases. Such animals are further defined as being those mammals or those nonvenomous reptiles weighing over 50 pounds at maturity which are known at law as Ferae naturae. Wild or exotic animals specifically do not include animals of a species customarily used in South Carolina as ordinary household	
pets, animals of a species customarily used in South Carolina as domestic farm animals, fish contained in	Formattade Fonty (Default) Calibri
an aquarium, birds or insects.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(b) —Unlawful act. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to import into Beaufort	
County, any venomous reptile or any other exotic animal.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(c) —Exceptions. This division shall not apply to following entities:	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(1) —An entity licensed as a Class R Research Facility by the United States of America or any	
agency thereof pursuant to the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2131 et seq.).	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(2) —An entity properly accredited by the Association of Zoos and Aquariums or the Zoological	
Association of America.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(3) —An entity licensed as a Class C Facility by the United States of America or any agency thereof pursuant to the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2131 et seq.) for exhibition not to exceed	
seven days within a 52-week period.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(4) —A team mascot for a university or educational facility.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Sec. 14-45 Rabies Control Act (S.C. State Law 47-5-10).	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
This law is strictly enforced by South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) in cooperation with Beaufort County Animal Services Department and any state, county or municipal	
law enforcement agencies.	Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt

(A) Vaccinations: It shall be unlawful for any owner of a dog or cat four (4) months of age or older to fail to have such animal vaccinated against rabies, unless recommended otherwise by veterinarian for medical reasons. All dogs and cats shall be vaccinated at four (4) months of age (unless recommended otherwise by veterinarian) and revaccinated thereafter at the expiration of the validity of the vaccine used, as shown on the written document prepared by a licensed veterinarian. The vaccination shall be valid for the period shown on the document. Any person moving into the County from a location outside

the County shall comply with this Section within 30 days after having moved into the County by having the animal vaccinated or showing proof of current, valid vaccination. If the dog or cat has inflicted a bite on any person or another animal within the last ten days, the owner of said animal shall report such fact to a veterinarian, and no rabies vaccine shall be administered until after the required observation or Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri quarantine period. (B) Proof of Vaccination: It shall be unlawful for any person who owns a vaccinated animal to fail or refuse to exhibit his copy of the certificate of vaccination upon demand to any person charged with the enforcement of this Chapter. A current rabies tag, if provided by the veterinarian administering the vaccine, shall be attached to a collar, harness or other device and shall be worn by the vaccinated dog or cat at all times. The requirement for a dog to display a current rabies tag shall not apply to a dog that is displaying a current dog license tag affixed to a collar, harness or other device worn on the dog Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri (C) Harboring Unvaccinated Dogs and Cats: It shall be unlawful for any person to harbor any dog or cat that has not been vaccinated against rabies, as provided herein, or that cannot be identified as having a current vaccination certificate. (D) Non-transferability: Vaccination certificates and tags are not transferable and cannot be used for any animal other than the animal that received the vaccination and for which the certificate was originally Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri (E) Exceptions: No person charged with violating 14-45 Rabies Control shall be convicted if he produces in Court a bona fide and valid certificate of vaccination that was in full force and effect at the time of the alleged violation. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri Sec. 14-46. - Interference with animal services officers. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri It shall be unlawful for any person to interfere with, hinder, or molest an animal services officers in the performance of his or her duties or seek to release any pet or livestock in his/her custody without his/her consent. Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri (Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015) Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt

Sec. 14-47. - Enforcement and penalties.

- Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri
- _(a) —The animal services officers of the Beaufort County Animal Services Department shall be charged with the responsibility of enforcing all ordinances enacted by the county and contracts entered into with the county for the care, control and custody of pets or livestock covered by this article. All violations of this article shall be heard by the Beaufort County Magistrate Court.
- (b) —The provisions of this article shall not apply to any dog or cat owned within the confines of any incorporated municipality within the county, unless and until the governing body of a municipality requests in writing that county council include the area of such municipality within the coverage of this article, and county council has acted favorably on such request and has so notified such municipality of its approval of such request.
- (c) —Any person who violates the provisions of this chapter shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be subject to a fine not exceeding \$500.00 the maximum allowed within the jurisdiction of the magistrate courts or imprisonment not exceeding 30 days, or both.
- (d) When any person is found guilty of a violation of the provisions of this chapter, or has been found in non-compliance of a Final Dangerous Dog Determination of the Court, a Magistrate may order possession and custody of the animal to be surrendered permanently to the Beaufort County Animal Shelter.

(Ord. No. 2015/27, 10-12-2015)

Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

Formatted: Font: (Default) Calibri

Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt

-(f) Administrative citations and penalties.

In addition to the remedies and penalties contained in this chapter, and in accordance with S.C. Code Section 47-3-20, an administrative citation may be issued for certain violations of county animal control ordinances. Violations of this Chapter subject to administrative citation and penalty are in the discretion of the Animal Services Officer and include but are not limited to: Mandatory dog licenses/registration, mandatory rabies vaccination, permitting a dog to run at large, mandatory spay/neuter, and warnings for a noisy public nuisance animal.

The following procedures shall govern the imposition, enforcement, collection and administrative review of administrative citations and penalties.

A. Notice of violation. If an animal is owned, kept, maintained, or found to be in violation of a county animal control ordinance, an administrative citation may be issued by the animal services officer.

B. Content of citation. The administrative citation shall be issued on a form approved by the Director of Beaufort County Animal Services and shall contain the following information:

- 1. Date, location and approximate time of the violation;
- 2. The ordinance violated and a brief description of the violation;
- 3. The amount of the administrative penalty imposed for the violation;
- 4. Instructions for payment of the penalty, and the time period by which it shall be paid and the consequences of failure to pay the penalty within the required time period;

- 5. Instructions on how to appeal the citation;
- 6. The signature of the animal control officer.

The failure of the citation to set forth all required contents shall not affect the validity of the proceedings.

C. Service of citation.

- 1. If the person who has violated the county animal control ordinance is present at the scene of the violation, the animal control officer shall attempt to obtain his signature on the administrative citation and shall deliver a copy of the administrative citation to him/her.
- 2. If the owner, occupant or other person who has violated a county animal control ordinance is a business, and the business owner is on the premises, the animal control officer shall attempt to deliver the administrative citation to him/her. If the animal control officer is unable to serve the business owner on the premises, the administrative citation may be left with the manager or employee of the business. If left with the manager or employee of the business, a copy of the administrative citation shall also be mailed to the business owner by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- 3. If no one can be located at the property where the violation occurred, then the administrative citation shall be posted in a conspicuous place on or near the property and a copy mailed by certified mail, return receipt requested to the owner, occupant or other person who has violated the ordinance. The citation shall be mailed to the property address and/or the address listed for the owner on the last county equalized assessment roll. The citation shall also be mailed to any additional addresses for the owner in department records.

D. Administrative penalties.

- 1. The penalties assessed for each violation of a county animal control ordinance shall not exceed the following amounts:
 - i. One hundred dollars (\$100.00) for a first violation;
 - ii. Two hundred dollars (\$200.00) for a second violation of the same administrative abatement order within one year;
 - <u>iii. Five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each additional violation of the administrative abatement order within one year.</u>
- 2. If the violation is not corrected, additional administrative citations may be issued for the same violation. The amount of penalty shall increase at the rate specified above.
- 3. Payment of the penalty shall not excuse the failure to correct the violation nor shall it bar further enforcement action.
- 4. The penalties assessed shall be payable to the Beaufort County Animal Services.
- 5. Where the violation would otherwise be an infraction, the administrative penalty shall not exceed the maximum fine or infraction amount.

E. Administrative appeal of administrative citation.

1. Notice of appeal. The recipient of an administrative citation may appeal the citation by filing a written notice of appeal with the department. The written notice of appeal must be filed within twenty (20) days of the service of the administrative citation set forth in subsection C. above. Failure to file a written notice of appeal within this time period shall constitute a waiver of the right to appeal the administrative citation. The notice of appeal shall be submitted on county forms and shall contain the following information:

- i. A brief statement setting forth the appellant's interest in the proceedings;
- ii. A brief statement of the material facts which the appellant claims supports his contention that no administrative penalty should be imposed or that an administrative penalty of a different amount is warranted;
- iii. An address at which the appellant agrees notice of any additional proceeding or an order relating to the administrative penalty may be received by mail;
- iv. The notice of appeal must be signed by the appellant;
- v. A check or money order is required, as a deposit, for the total penalty amount shown on the front side of the citation, before the Administrative Appeal will be scheduled:
- vi. Indigence must be proved to have the deposit waved.
- 2. Administrative hearing of appeal. Upon a timely written request by the recipient of an administrative citation, an administrative hearing shall be held as follows:
 - i. Notice of hearing. Notice of the administrative hearing regarding the administrative citation shall be given at least ten (10) days before the hearing to the person requesting the hearing.
 - ii. The administrative hearing regarding the administrative citation shall be held before the Animal Services Director, or a designee. The hearing officer shall not be the investigating animal control officer who issued the administrative citation or his immediate supervisor. The Director may contract with a qualified provider to conduct the administrative hearings or to process administrative citations.
 - iii. Conduct of the hearing. The investigating animal control officer who issued the administrative citation shall not be required to participate in the administrative hearing regarding the citation. The contents of the investigating animal control officer's file shall be admitted as prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein. The hearing officer shall not be limited by the technical rules of evidence. If the person requesting the appeal of the administrative citation fails to appear at the administrative hearing, the hearing officer shall make a determination based on the information contained in the notice of appeal.
 - iv. Hearing officer's decision. The hearing officer's decision regarding the administrative citation following the administrative hearing may be personally delivered to the person requesting the hearing or sent by mail. The hearing officer may allow payment of the administrative penalty in installments, if the person provides evidence satisfactory to the hearing officer of an inability to pay the penalty in full at one time. The hearing officer's decision shall contain instruction for obtaining review of the decision by the superior court.
- F. Appeal to Circuit Court. Any person who receives an unfavorable decision from the decision of an Administrative Appeal may file an appeal with the Circuit Court in Beaufort County. The appeal to Circuit Court must be filed within thirty (30) days of the notice of the Administrative Officer's decision being mailed to the recipient of an Administrative citation.

Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt
Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt

Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 11 pt

Beaufort County Animal Services

Public safety for people, pets, and wildlife

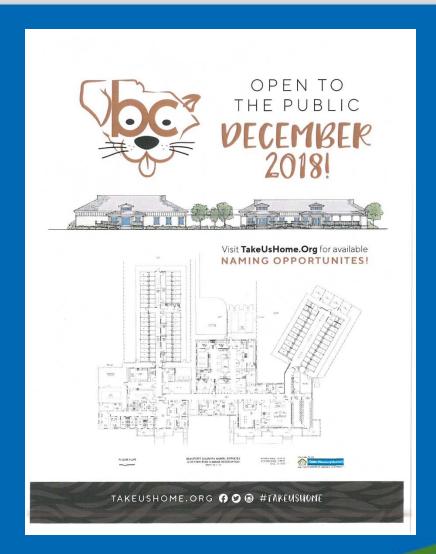






2017 Report





On track and within budget





The Beaufort County Animal Campus TRAILS FOR TAILS personalized brick campaign offers you the opportunity to help build a new home for Beaufort County animals and mark your spot within the brand new Beaufort County Animal Campus!

Your personalized brick will be engraved according to your specifications and become part of a memorial walkway at the new Beaufort County Animal Campus. Whether you choose to engrave your brick with your family's name, in memory of a loved one, a companion animal or with an inspirational quote or, TRAILS FOR TAILS bricks will be observed by many for years to come at the new Beaufort County Animal Campus.

Your purchase will not only become a permanent part of the memorial walkway at the new Beaufort County Animal Campus but will also help to support animals in Beaufort County.

TO PURCHASE A BRICK OR LEARN MORE VISIT TAKEUSHOME.ORG

the Man

TAKEUSHOME.ORG (7 9 6 #TAKEUSHOME

Trails for Tails



RETENTION VS. APPREHENSION

BEAUFORT COUNTY ANIMAL SERVICE OFFICERS

Education helps achieve success. We understand that whenever new information arises, not every citizen in Beaufort County has the resources to check their compliance. Our Animal Service Officers have been working diligently under the case study of "Retention vs. Apprehension". We've been able to successfully reduce the number of court appearances while increasing the number of home retentions.

1.487 CASES

NORTH SIDE	% OF CASES	TOTAL # CASES
BURTON	31%	331
LADY'S ISLAND	15%	162
SAINT HELENA	16%	164
CITY OF BEAUFORT	19%	205
SEABROOK	7%	74
PORT ROYAL	5%	52
GRAYS HILL	1%	13
SHELDON	2%	24
YEMASSEE	1%	15
SHELL POINT	<1%	9
DALE	<1%	3
FRIPP	<1%	2
SOUTH SIDE	% OF CASES	TOTAL # CASES
BLUFFTON	58%	249
HILTON HEAD ISLAND	36%	155
OKATIE	5%	24
PRITCHARDVILLE	1%	5
DAFUSKIE ISLAND	0	0

TAKEUSHOME.ORG () (#TAKEUSHOME

1,487 cases



SERVICE OFFICERS

Ever since our Beaufort County Sheriff's Department rendered the responsibility of Animal Control to our county Commissioned Officers, the world of Animal Services has changed and made an impressive impact on the world of Enforcement.

EDUCATING THE PUBLIC IS OUR #1 GOAL.

In the beginning of the year, we kept seeing the same pattern occur in our complaints. Being that the same incidents have occurred multiple times in different areas of the county, our officers set out to survey the public on why these things happen.

After careful review and numerous strategies built, our officers took in the information provided by the community to help better serve the community. The end results showed us that not everyone in Beaufort County has the means to provide for their animals. Tasks such as; Rabies Inoculations, Tethering Lines, Spay/Neuter Operations, Housing, and even transportation has been an issue, even for the wealthiest of the communities here in Beaufort County.

From assisting with proper housing to requiring a vet visit, our Animal Service Officers work with many Animal Cruelty Investigations and have been able to retain most of the animals to their own property; only some of the cases resulted in the conviction of Animal Cruelty.

PLEASE UNDERSTAND THAT YOUR ANIMAL SERVICE OFFICERS ARE HERE TO HELP YOU.

TAKEUSHOME.ORG () 9 () # TAKEUSHOME

Proactive Animal Service Officers



OVERPOPULATION, EUTHANASIA, INTAKE, REDUCED **CRUELTY & COST**

Our critical areas of focus continue reducing our Euthanasia. Our new Animal Campus opening in December 2018 will create a more effecient, environmentally sound and healthy facility for us to effectively reduce!

REDUCED our

EUTHANASIA BY 50%

since 2011.

EUTHANIZED SPECIES

DOG	36	30%
PITBULLS	83	70%
TOTAL	119	4%
CAT	116	9%
FERALS	150	56%
TOTAL	266	11%

EUTHANASIA REASON // DOGS

AGGRESSION/BEHAVIOR	79
ILLNESS/DYING	40
TOTAL	119

EUTHANASIA REASON // CATS

AGGRESSION/FERAL	171
ILLNESS/DYING	94
TOTAL	266

YEAR COMPARISONS

2011 · 3,120 · 62%	2015 · 731 · 21%
2012 • 1,750 • 37%	2016 · 566 · 17%
2013 · 1,228 · 27%	2017 · 385 · 12%

2014 - 1,046 - 23%



CELEBRATED A LIVE RELEASE

WHAT IS LIVE RELEASE?

Animals who leave the shelter alive through return to owner, adoption or relocation to another organization for adoption.

115 Dogs	1
470 Cats	6
54 Other	AD

OPTED 1.441

RELOCATED

611 RETURNED TO OWNER

YEAR COMPARISONS

2011 · 33% 2017 · 86%

TAKEUSHOME.ORG () () # FAKEUSHOME

REDUCE





Tabby House





Free Spay & Neuters



OVERPOPULATION, EUTHANASIA, INTAKE, REDUCED **CRUELTY & COST**



BEAUFORT COUNTY ANIMAL SERVICES & HILTON HEAD HUMANE WORKED TOGETHER TO

SPAY & NEUTER

OVER 4,000 ANIMALS.

TOGETHER, THEY HAVE INCREASED SPAYS/NEUTERS IN BEAUFORT COUNTY

BY MORE THAN **600% SINCE 2011!**

BEAUFORT COUNTY ANIMAL SERVICES & HILTON HEAD HUMANE'S

SPAY NEUTER ANIMAL CLINIC CROCHIPPED



MICROCHIPPING INCREASED BY 63% IN 5 YEARS

TAKEUSHOME.ORG () () # TAKEUSHOME

Over 4,000 spayed/neutered





Better Together

